

ECONOMIC OVERVIEW

BUSINESS

178,305 **BUSINESSES AS**

OF MARCH 2022



0.2%

22,090

NEW BUSINESSES IN 2021

> 20.905 BUSINESSES CLOSED IN 2021





≌ 61.5%

THREE-YEAR SURVIVAL RATE (ENGLAND: 57.5%)



POPULATION AGED 16-64 (UK: 11.1%)

EMPLOYMENT

79.9%

POPULATION AGED 16-64 **ECONOMICALLY** ACTIVE (UK: 78.7%)

CLAIMANT RATE AS % OF POPULATION AGED 16-64 (DEC 2022)

OF JOBS IN KNOWLEDGE INTENSIVE SECTORS (ENGLAND: 49.8%)

3.0% UNEMPLOYMENT

AS % OF ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE POPULATION (SEPT 2022) (UK: 3.7%

JOBS PER 100 RESIDENTS AGED 16-64 (ENGLAND: 87)



30.2%

OF JOBS IN LOW PAY SECTORS (ENGLAND: 26.7%)

ECONOMY

£101.6bn



5.0%

GVA SHARE OF UK



PLACE

4.268 million

usual resident population (2021) 6.4% share of UK's population

7% ten-year growth (compared to UK's 5.9%)

9universities 13 Further Education colleges



8 ports 2 Freeports **Thames Freeport** and Freeport East

2 London airports

3 county councils

3 unitary authorities

15 district councils





3 city councils

365 miles of coastline 15

SKILLS

Apprenticeship starts:

Academic year 2021/22: 24,590 Academic year 2020/21: 22,480 Academic year 2019/20: 21,940

SELEP

England

Level 4 qualification and above: 29.1%

Level 4 gualification and above:

33.9% evel 2 gualification

69.4%

and above:

No gualifications: 18.1%

67.4%

and above:

No qualifications:

Level 2 qualification

18.5%



Purpose of the report

This report has been produced by the **South East Local Enterprise Partnership (SELEP)** secretariat to provide a review of SELEP's current economic performance and how it has been impacted in recent years. It considers **over 40 indicators** covering **place**, **economy**, **employment**, **skills** and **sectors** and is intended to provide an **evidence-based** approach to **strategic economic growth**, supporting the LEP and its partners in **economic planning**, **strategy** and **business case developments**.

The report provides findings at a LEP, federated area and local authority level as appropriate. However further breakdowns of the data, where available, will also be shared with partners on the <u>SELEP Data and Intelligence Centre</u>.

Key Findings

Place

The usual resident population of SELEP was 4.268 million in 2021, which was 6.4% of the total UK population, making SELEP the largest LEP outside London in terms of population size, and larger in population than Wales.

The population of SELEP grew by 7% in the 10 years to 2021, faster than the UK average of 5.9%. This rate of growth meant an additional 280,400 people are now living in the SELEP area compared to 2011.

In March 2022, the housing stock for SELEP was 1.89 million dwellings. Dwelling stock increased by 8.4% in the most recent ten-year period, slightly below the England average growth of 8.6%. This growth represented 146,200 net new dwellings for SELEP. In 2022/23, SELEP remained as the most productive LEP for housing delivery outside of London, with 4,170 more new dwellings completions than South East Midlands, the next largest provider.

The SELEP region produced 3.8 tonnes carbon dioxide equivalent emissions per capita, which is less than the UK average of 4.6.



In 2021, SELEP GVA was estimated to be £101.6 billion at current prices for the year, a 5% share of the UK total. In real terms this represents a loss of £3.2 billion or 3.2% from 2019, reflecting the significant economic impact of COVID-19, however it was a smaller impact than for the UK as a whole (3.6% real term reduction) suggesting that the SELEP economy is relatively resilient.

There were 192,710 active enterprises based in SELEP during 2021, which was 749 per 10,000 working age population, above the national average of 736. However, since mid-2021 a trend of net business losses each quarter has set in across the UK, as well as in SELEP and all Federated Areas within.

Businesses based in the SELEP area exported goods to the value of £9.6 billion in 2021, of which £4.9 billion (51%) was to the EU. The exports of goods from SELEP accounted for 3.1% of total UK exports in goods in 2021.

Employment

In 2021 there were an estimated 1,652,000 employee jobs across SELEP in 2021, with a 3.5% growth in employee numbers over the previous five years, representing 56,000 more jobs and showing a strong recovery following the sharp decline in 2020 due to the pandemic. However, SELEP continues to have fewer jobs in higher paid and knowledge intensive sectors.

The percentage of economically active population who were **unemployed** was **3.0%** for **SELEP** compared to **3.7%** for **England**. Unemployment rates for SELEP have been **persistently below** the England average for many years. As with unemployment, the claimant rate for SELEP is **lower** than the national rate (**SELEP 3.2%**; **National 3.8%**, **December 2022**) and is **lower** than the national average in all Federated Areas.

The number of online job postings reached a record high in the first quarter of 2022, and while having since reduced, remains significantly above prepandemic levels. In the last quarter of 2022, there were 103,870 new job postings across the SELEP area, which was 40 per 1,000 working age population. With lower job density in SELEP than nationally in 2021 (SELEP 77 jobs per 100 working age residents; National 87), the number of job postings is also below the national average, which was for 55 postings per 1,000 working age population.



Skills

The proportion of people qualified to Level 4 or Higher is 4.8% lower in SELEP than nationally (SELEP 29.1%; England 33.9%). The proportion of people with no qualifications is 0.4% higher in SELEP than nationally (SELEP 18.5%; England 18.1%).

Total apprenticeship starts in the SELEP region increased to 24,590 in 2021/22 compared to 22,480 in 2020/21. Despite the increase, numbers remain below the pre-pandemic amount of 26,600 in 2018/19. Total apprenticeship achievements in the SELEP region fell from 10,670 in 2020/21 to just 9,290 and remain way below the 12,460 achievements in 2018/19.

The national Average Point Score (APS) per A level entry fell in 2021/22 to 38.9 (from 41.7 in 2020/21). This pattern also occurred across the SELEP region with the APS falling from 40.5 in 2020/21 to 37.4 in 2021/22, as Ofqual stated that 2021/22 was to be a transitional year with the aim of having results lie in between those of 2020/21 (Teacher Assessed Grades) and 2018/19 (still Centre Assessed Grades).

Sectors

Over the last five years SELEP has seen strong growth in sectors such as Manufacture of clothing, Textiles and leather products, Manufacture of beverages, Warehousing and support for activities for transportation, Film and TV production, Specialised Construction activities, Civil engineering, Manufacture of beverages, Film and TV production and Warehousing.

SELEP has had lower growth than national for other sectors where there has been strong national growth, including Information service activities, Legal and accounting activities, Construction of buildings and Activities auxiliary to financial services.

The report also explores in more detail new and emerging sectors and their presence across SELEP, focusing on Life Sciences, Net Zero, Digital Creative Industries, Advanced Manufacturing, Supply Chain Logistics, Food Tech, Modular Construction, and AgriTech. Analysis includes Business Counts, Employee Counts, Turnover, Investment Funding, Innovate UK Funding and SIC classification (2 levels). As an example, analysis found that Supply Chain Logistics saw £10 billion of investment funding in 2022 alone, compared to £3.5 billion of investment funding in the previous 20 years combined.